ANH – Surgery and Veterinary Interventions

**T123** 

Wednesday, 09/11/2016 08:30 - 11:30 WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



11

# ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS, 2016, TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL STUDIES

**EXAM TITLE:** 

SURGERY AND VETERINARY INTERVENTIONS

**OPTION: ANIMAL HEALTH (ANH)** 

**DURATION:** 3 hours

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

The paper is composed of two (2) main Sections as follows:

Section I: Attempt any SIX (6) out of TEN questions.30 marksSection II: Attempt any SEVEN (7) out of TEN questions.70 marks

### Note:

Every candidate is required to carefully comply with the above instructions. Penalty measures will be applied on their strict consideration.

#### - Restraint gloves Ear notchers

**01.** The following instruments are available in your veterinary interventions site:

- **02.** What are the Clinical signs of an abscess?
- categories. Give any five therapeutic/medical indications of this surgical operation.
- 04. The dehorning of adult cattle should be performed carefully because it can be the origin of serious complications. Illustrate the steps to be followed in dehorning of an adult cattle?
- **06.** Describe the composition of a drug form.
- **07.** Differentiate an antiseptic from a disinfectant.
- **08.** Differentiate the cold abscess from a hot abscess.
- **09.** When a bone is broken, there are only three reasons for immobilizing a fracture. Give the three reasons for immobilizing a broken bone and the four methods used **5marks** to immobilize it?
- 10. Cleaning and sanitizing of equipment and surfaces aims to prevent a building against microorganisms and prevent cross contamination from one surface to another. If you have to choose the ideal cleaning and sanitizing agent (chemicals), what are **5marks** the characteristics to be considered?
- 70 marks Section II. Choose and Answer any seven (7) questions
- 11. Cesarean section is an important operation which consists of the extraction of fetus from the uterus of a female animal.
  - a) In which cases can you do the caesarian section?
  - **b)** What are the possible complications which can occur after the operation ended?
    - 10marks

- 12. You are performing a rumenotomy on a sheep.
  - a) What are the possible techniques of anesthesia that you can use to facilitate the intervention?
  - b) Explain how the suture of anatomical areas incised will be done if the rumen 10marks exploration is finished.
- **13.** In bovine bloat condition, the trocarisation technique is considered as one of the easiest and simplest surgical intervention. State chronologically the steps involved in this technique of trocarisation in the case of a bloated bull. 10marks

## Section I. Choose and answer any six (6) questions

Nose lead

Muzzle

Vaginal speculum -Rope Taylor percussion hammer Hot iron **5marks** Arrange them in their respective groups. **5marks** 03. The main reasons of castration are grouped into therapeutic and zootechnical **5marks 5marks** 05. In veterinary surgery, when is the eye enucleation indicated? **5marks 5marks 5marks** 5marks

Stethoscope

Thermometers

### 30 marks

- 14. There are three methods currently available to manage bleeding in surgery namely: mechanical haemostatic methods; thermal/energy-based methods; and chemical methods.
  - **a.** What are the common Mechanical haemostatic methods that you can perform to stop bleeding during laparotomy in a bitch?
  - **b.** Alternatively, what are the common haemostatic drugs you can use in this surgical operation? (Any four chemicals).

10marks

20

- 15. Drug naming is generally referred to three categories of names: the chemical name, non proprietary name also called generic names and proprietary or trade names. Differentiate the chemical names (scientific names) from trade name (proprietary name) of drugs and give three examples from each type of name.
- **16.** List any five Physical methods of sterilization used in veterinary practice. **10marks**
- **17.** Characterize an ideal cleaning and sanitizing agent. **10marks**
- **18.** Describe the Closure of flank laparotomy incision in bovine surgery. **10marks**
- **19.** You are presented a bull which suffers from the inguinal herniation. As a veterinarian, explain the techniques of reduction that will you use.
- 20. Observe carefully the following images of the veterinary materials/instruments, then write the name and the use/function where required.10marks

|   | Name of the<br>material/instrument | Image | Use/Function  |
|---|------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Uterine forceps                    | 200   | Grasp and hold soft tissues<br>in soft tissue surgery,<br>e.g. Uterus and muscles |
| 1 |                                    | 3     |   |
| 2 |                                    | C C C |   |
| 3 |                                    |       |   |
| 4 | × x                                |       | - 12 (MK) g   |
| 5 |                                    | 00    | ł   |